



DDoS Attack Trends Through 2010, Infrastructure Security Report & ATLAS Initiative

Darren Anstee EMEA Solutions Architect

# Introduction



- Darren Anstee, EMEA Solutions Architect.
- 16+ years of experience in Networking and Security.
- 9 years at Arbor Network

- 300+ employees in 20+ countries
- 300+ customers
  - -90%+ of Tier1 providers,
  - 60%+ of Tier2 providers, 11 of 13 of NA MSOs.
- Privileged relationships with majority of world's ISPs
- ATLAS / ASERT thought leadership.

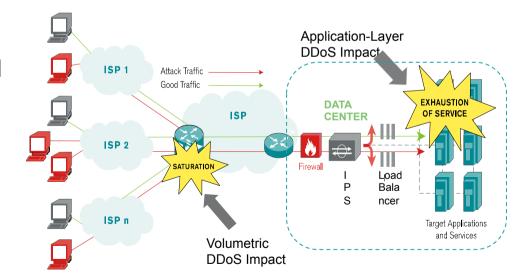




# **DDoS Primer**

#### What is a Denial of Service attack?

- An attempt to consume finite resources, exploit weaknesses in software design or implementation, or exploit lack of infrastructure capacity
- Effects the availability and utility of computing and network resources
- Attacks can be *distributed* for even more significant effect
- The collateral damage caused by an attack can be as bad, if not worse, than the attack itself





# **2010 Infrastructure Security Survey**

- 6<sup>th</sup> Annual Survey
- Survey conducted in September – October 2010
- 111 total respondents contributed
  - Service providers
  - Content/ASPs
  - Enterprises
  - Broadband
  - Mobile
  - DNS
  - Educational



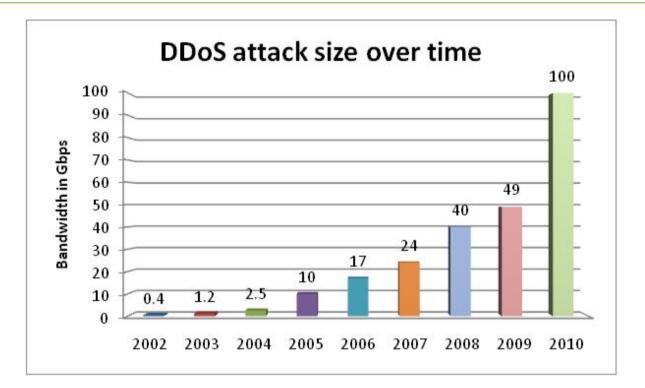


# **Key Findings of the Survey**

- Threat severity and complexity continue to increase
  - Attack size increases dramatically, impacting underlying network infrastructure
    - 102% increase in attack size YOY
    - Broke 100Gbps barrier for first time
    - Up 1000% since first Arbor's first WISR in 2005
  - Application layer attacks continue with some new applications being targeted more frequently.
    - HTTP and DNS remain the top targets but HTTPS, SMTP and SIP/ VOIP attacks are becoming more common
  - The Threat-to-Defense gap is the widest observed to date
  - DDoS attack capabilities of miscreants are outpacing the defensive measures taken by network service providers
- Firewall and IPS equipment represents critical points of failure during DDoS attacks
  - These products are commonly the targets of DDoS attacks

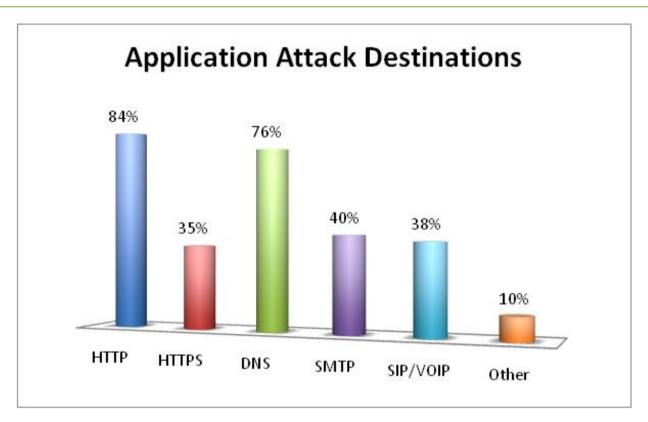


# **DDoS Attack Sizes Over Time**



- Over 102% increase YOY in attack size shows resurgence of brute force and volumetric attack techniques
- Internet providers have focused on application threats so miscreants turned back towards attacking network capacity

# **Application Layer Attacks**



#### Application layer attacks are becoming common place

- 77% of respondents reported application layer attacks against critical services
- Lynchpin service infrastructure remain top targets
- Application attacks are advancing to more sophisticated services

# **Attack Frequency and Targets**

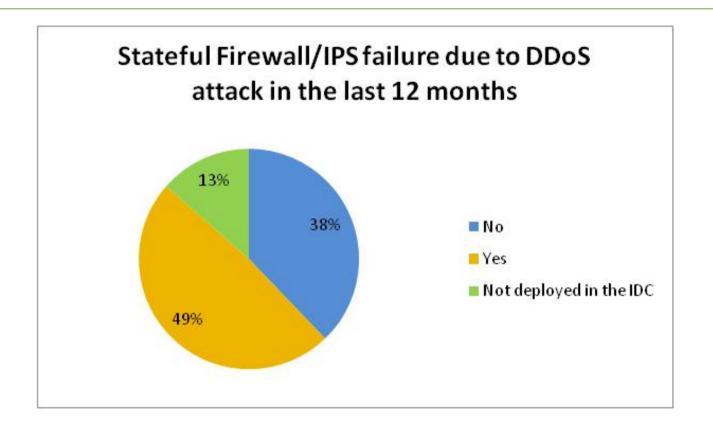


#### Attack frequency is increasing

- 94% of respondents see at least 1 DDoS attack per month
- 35% of respondents see 10 or more DDoS attacks per month compared to 18% in 2009
- Customers or services comprise 87% of targeted victims
  - Major collateral events are less common, but drive greater impact



# Failure of Firewall and IPS in the IDC



 Nearly half of all respondents have experienced a failure of their firewalls or IPS due to DDoS attack

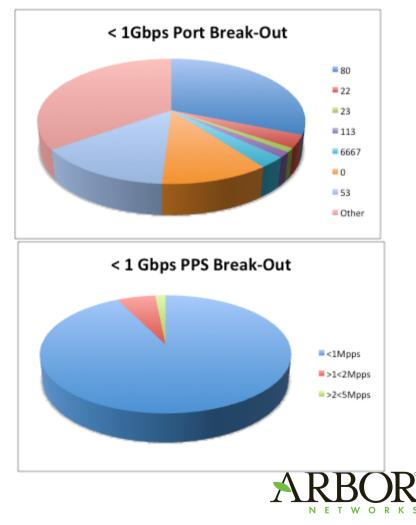


- Second part of this talk is based on Internet Trends data from the ATLAS Initiative and backs-up the trends shown in the ISR.
- 100+ ISPs sharing real-time data - > ATLAS Internet Trends
  - Automated hourly export of XML file to Arbor server (HTTPS)
  - File is anonymous, only tagged with
    - User Specified Region e.g. Europe
    - Provider Type (self categorized) e.g. Tier 1
- Monitoring a Misuse attack every 8 mins in 2010



# Small Attacks Continue to Make Up the Majority

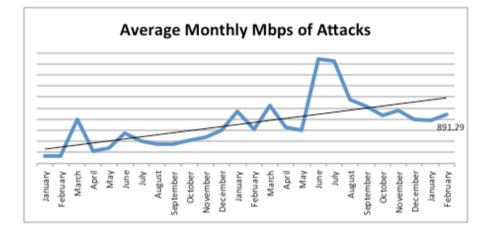
- In 2010 most attacks still small:
  - 79% less than 1Gb/sec (down from 93% in 2009)
  - 87% less than 1Mpps (down from 94% in 2009)
- Average BPS of attacks less than 1Gb/sec is 197.41Mbps
- Average PPS of attacks less than 1Gb/sec is 307.72Kpps
- Longest duration attack less than 1Gb/sec:
  - 17.94Mbps / 43.5Kpps
  - SYN Flood
  - 236 days, 22Hours, 26 mins

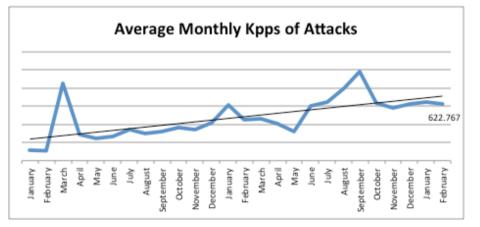


# **2010 ATLAS Initiative: Anonymous Stats**

## Attack Growth trend in Mbps and Kpps

- Average monthly attack size growing since start of 2009.
- Average attack is 891Mbps / 622.7Kpps, Feb 2011



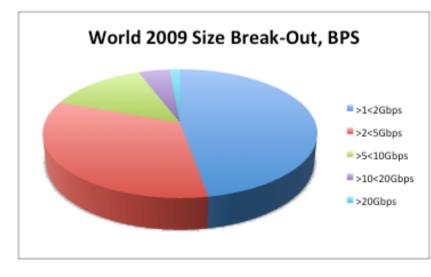


- Average attacks sizes have grown by 576% / 447% since start of 2009
- Spike in average BPS / PPS in late summer 2010

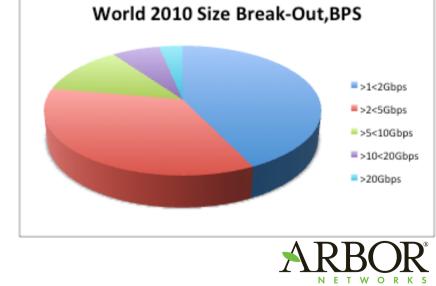


## Attacks over 10Gb/sec on the rise!

- Proportion of monitored attacks over 10Gb/sec has grown by 470% from 2009
- Monitoring > 10Gb/sec attack approx every 6.5 hours



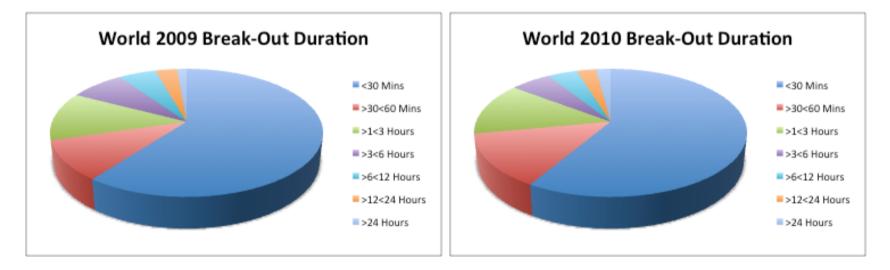
- Increase in large bps / pps attacks year on year:
  - 319% increase in number of monitored attacks > 10Gbps from 2009 – 2010.
  - 45% growth in number of attacks > 10Mpps.



Page 13 - Company Confidential

## **Attack Duration Mix Almost Constant**

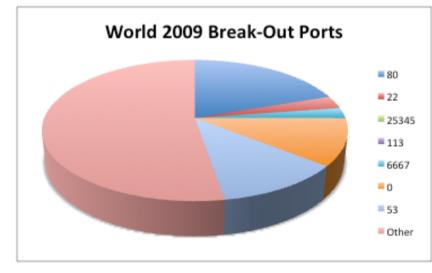
- Majority of attacks shortlived.
- Approx 70% less than 1 hour
- Number of attacks lasting longer than 24 hours up by 54.9%
  - But, still only 2% of total number of attacks

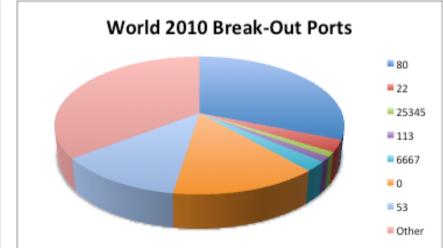




## **Proportion of Attacks Targeting Port 80 Increase**

- In 2009, 19.6% of monitored attacks targeted port 80.
- In 2010 this had increased to 31%.
- Attacks targeting fewer ports
  - 80, 53 and Fragment
- Nearly 597% growth in number (474) of attacks over 10Gb/sec, targeting port 80.

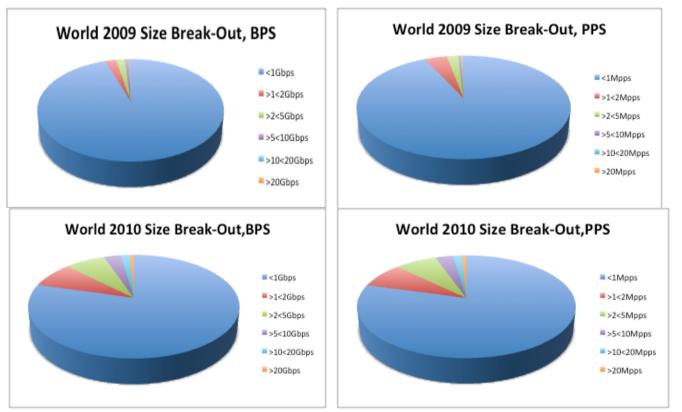






Page 15 - Company Confidential

# Size of Attacks Targeting Port 80 Shifts UP

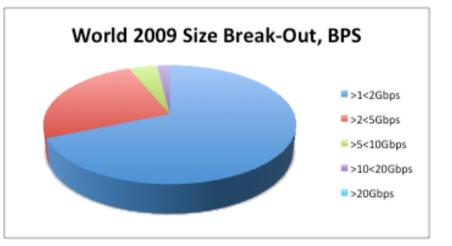


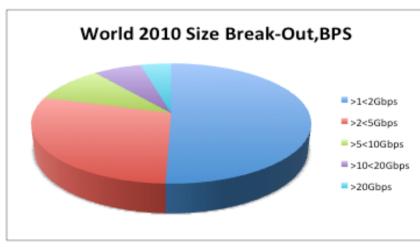
- 292% growth in proportion of attacks over 1Gbps.
- 500% growth in proportion of attacks over 10Gbps.
- 246% growth proportion of attacks over 1Mpps
- 398% growth proportion of attacks over 10Mpps



## Size of Attacks Targeting Port 53 Increase

- Proportion of monitored attacks targeting port 53 stays roughly the same.
- 885% increase in number of attacks over 10Gb/sec





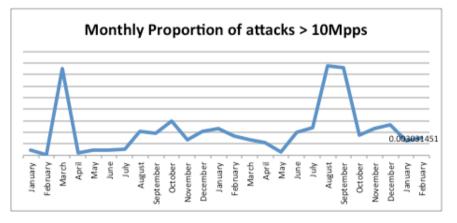
- 247% growth in number of attacks over 10Mpps.
- Multiple attacks monitored at over 40Gb/sec or 50Mpps.

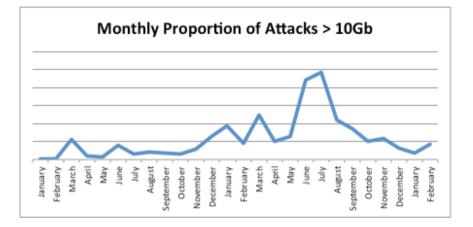


# **2010 ATLAS Initiative : Anonymous Stats**

## So, what were the spikes?

- Spikes:
  - BPS Spike in June / July 2010.
  - PPS Spike in August / September 2010.
- Proportion of attacks over 10Gb / 10Mpps also shows spike





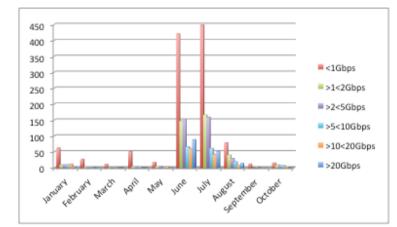
- BPS Spike largely due to intense activity targeting South Korea.
- PPS Spike due to increased attacks against US and China

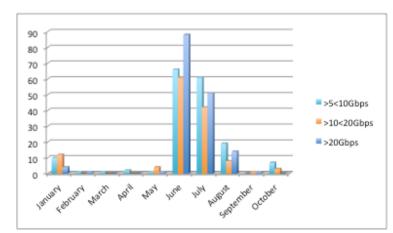


# **2010 ATLAS Initiative : Anonymous Stats**

#### Intense activity in South Korea in June & July 2010

- Huge Spike in number of large attacks
- 242 > 10Gbps attacks in June & July (16 in previous 5 months)
- 149 attacks greater than 20Gbps.
- Largest attack 49.73Gbps
  - Target port 6210
  - 16 mins 45 secs





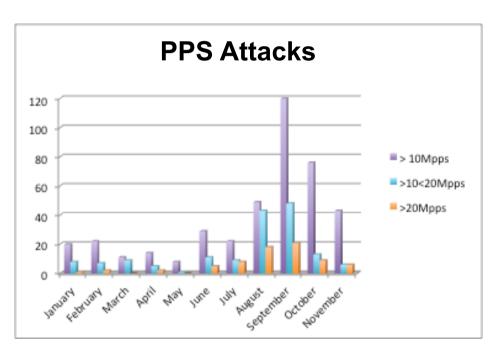


# **2010 ATLAS Initiative: Anonymous Stats**

## **PPS Spike in August / September - USA**

#### <u>USA</u>

- Spike in high PPS attacks, 130 in 2 month period
  - 68 in previous 7 months.
- Largest attack:
  - 66.2Gbps /108.89Mpps
  - 3d 14h 18mins
  - DNS
  - Hosting Provider
- Large attacks primarily targeted two hosting / IDC providers.
- Focus on ports 80 and 53

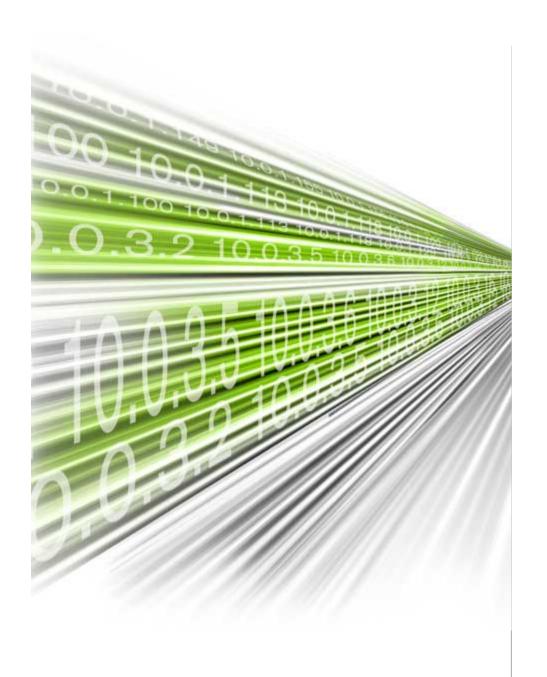




# **DDoS Trend Analysis : Key Points**

- From ISR responses attack size, complexity and frequency are still increasing.
- From the Internet Observatory:
  - Average monitored attack size (Feb '11) 891Mbps / 622.7Kpps
    - This has been growing steadily since the start of 2009.
  - Majority of attacks are still small (< 1Gbps / < 1Mpps)</li>
  - But rapid growth in number of large attacks seen.
    - ( > 10Gb/sec or 10Mpps)
  - In 2010 more attacks targeting fewer ports + more large attacks targeting port 80 and 53.
- Internet Observatory and ISR results seem to indicate similar general trends.







# Thank You

Darren Anstee darren@arbor.net